(e) If a Departmental official authorized to provide the requested guidance responds to a request described in paragraph (c) of this section more than 90 days after its receipt, the recipient that made the request shall comply with the guidance at the earliest practicable time.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 1234(f)(1), 1234b(b), and 3474(a))

[54 FR 19512, May 5, 1989. Redesignated at 58 FR 43473, Aug. 16, 1993]

## §81.34 Notice of a disallowance decision.

- (a) If an authorized Departmental official decides that a recipient must return funds under §81.30, the official gives the recipient written notice of a disallowance decision. The official sends the notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, or other means that ensure proof of receipt.
- (b)(1) The notice must establish a prima facie case for the recovery of funds, including an analysis reflecting the value of the program services actually obtained in a determination of harm to the Federal interest.
- (2) For the purpose of this section, a prima facie case is a statement of the law and the facts that, unless rebutted, is sufficient to sustain the conclusion drawn in the notice. The facts may be set out in the notice or in a document that is identified in the notice and available to the recipient.
- (3) A statement that the recipient failed to maintain records required by law or failed to allow an authorized representative of the Secretary access to those records constitutes a prima facie case for the recovery of the funds affected.
- (i) If the recipient failed to maintain records, the statement must briefly describe the types of records that were not maintained and identify the recordkeeping requirement that was violated.
- (ii) If the recipient failed to allow access to records, the statement must briefly describe the recipient's actions that constituted the failure and identify the access requirement that was violated.
- (c) The notice must inform the recipient that it may—

- (1) Obtain a review of the disallowance decision by the OALJ; and
  - (2) Request mediation under §81.13.
  - (d) The notice must describe-
- (1) The time available to apply for a review of the disallowance decision; and
- (2) The procedure for filing an application for review.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 1234(f)(1), 1234a(a), and 3474(a))

[54 FR 19512, May 5, 1989. Redesignated and amended at 58 FR 43473, Aug. 16, 1993; 60 FR 46494, Sept. 6, 1995; 61 FR 14484, Apr. 2, 1996]

#### §81.35 Reduction of claims.

The Secretary or an authorized Departmental official as appropriate may, after the issuance of a disallowance decision, reduce the amount of a claim established under this subpart by—

- (a) Redetermining the claim on the basis of the proper application of the law, including the standards for the measure of recovery under §81.31, to the facts:
- (b) Compromising the claim under the Federal Claims Collection Standards in 4 CFR part 103; or
- (c) Compromising the claim under §81.36, if applicable.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 1234(f)(1), 1234a(j), and 3474(a); 31 U.S.C. 3711)

[54 FR 19512, May 5, 1989. Redesignated and amended at 58 FR 43473, Aug. 16, 1993]

# §81.36 Compromise of claims under General Education Provisions Act.

- (a) The Secretary or an authorized Departmental official as appropriate may compromise a claim established under this subpart without following the procedures in 4 CFR part 103 if—
- (1)(i) The amount of the claim does not exceed \$200,000; or
- (ii) The difference between the amount of the claim and the amount agreed to be returned does not exceed \$200,000; and
- (2) The Secretary or the official determines that—  $\,$
- (i) The collection of the amount by which the claim is reduced under the compromise would not be practical or in the public interest; and
- (ii) The practice that resulted in the disallowance decision has been corrected and will not recur.

### §81.37

- (b) Not less than 45 days before compromising a claim under this section, the Department publishes a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER stating—
- (1) The intention to compromise the claim; and
- (2) That interested persons may comment on the proposed compromise.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e–3, 1234(f)(1), 1234a(j), and 3474(a))

[54 FR 19512, May 5, 1989. Redesignated at 58 FR 43473, Aug. 16, 1993]

#### §81.37 Application for review of a disallowance decision.

- (a) If a recipient wishes to obtain review of a disallowance decision, the recipient shall file a written application for review with the Office of Administrative Law Judges, c/o Docket Clerk, Office of Hearings and Appeals, and, as required by §81.12(b), shall serve a copy on the applicable Departmental official who made the disallowance decision.
- (b) A recipient shall file an application for review not later than 60 days after the date it receives the notice of a disallowance decision.
- (c) Within 10 days after receipt of a copy of the application for review, the authorized Departmental official who made the disallowance decision shall provide the ALJ with a copy of any document identified in the notice pursuant to §81.34(b)(2).
- (d) An application for review must contain—
- (1) A copy of the disallowance decision of which review is sought;
- (2) A statement certifying the date the recipient received the notice of that decision;
- (3) A short and plain statement of the disputed issues of law and fact, the recipient's position with respect to these issues, and the disallowed funds the recipient contends need not be returned; and
- (4) A statement of the facts and the reasons that support the recipient's position.
- (e) The ALJ who considers a timely application for review that substantially complies with the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section may permit the recipient to supplement or amend the application with respect to issues that were timely raised. Any requirement to return funds that is not

timely appealed becomes the final decision of the Department.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 1234(f)(1), 1234a(b)(1), and 3474(a))

[54 FR 19512, May 5, 1989. Redesignated and amended at 58 FR 43473, 43474, Aug. 16, 1993; 58 FR 51013, Sept. 30, 1993; 60 FR 46494, Sept. 6. 1995]

### §81.38 Consideration of an application for review.

- (a) The ALJ assigned to the case under §81.4 considers an application for review of a disallowance decision.
- (b) The ALJ decides whether the notice of a disallowance decision meets the requirements of §81.34, as provided by section 451(e) of GEPA.
- (1) If the notice does not meet those requirements, the ALJ—
- (i) Returns the notice, as expeditiously as possible, to the authorized Departmental official who made the disallowance decision:
- (ii) Gives the official the reasons why the notice does not meet the requirements of §81.34; and
- (iii) Informs the recipient of the ALJ's decision by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- (2) An authorized Departmental official may modify and reissue a notice that an ALJ returns.
- (c) If the notice of a disallowance decision meets the requirements of §81.34, the ALJ decides whether the application for review meets the requirements of §81.37.
- (1) If the application, including any supplements or amendments under §81.37(d), does not meet those requirements, the disallowance decision becomes the final decision of the Department.
- (2) If the application meets those requirements, the ALJ—
- (i) Informs the recipient and the authorized Departmental official that the OALJ has accepted jurisdiction of the case; and
- (ii) Schedules a hearing on the record
- (3) The ALJ informs the recipient of the disposition of its application for review by certified mail, return receipt requested. If the ALJ decides that the application does not meet the requirements of §81.37, the ALJ informs the